

Elements of Lifestyle
Appetite

Carb



Veggies/Fruit



Sweet



Salt



Oil



Junk food


Lifestyle

Sleep



Exercise



Lifestyle



Meditation


Substance

Smoking



Tobacco



Alcohol



Other Abuse


Body Mass Index


Oops! You are overweight! Your BMI score 28.52 is higher than the target range 21-24.9.


Hip Waist Ratio


Oops! Your HW ratio is higher than normal! Your current HW ratio is 1.25 it should be below 1.0 and waist size to 28 inches


Weight


Oops! Your weight is higher than normal! Your current weight 73 is higher than the target range 59-64 Kgs



Disease Specific Risks0

Moderate Risk

Multiple lifestyle disease

Thyroid disease

Breast Cancer

Guidelines

Educate yourself and your loved ones about - what is physical as well as mental good health and how to achieve it.

Stay tuned to your body and recognize itâ€™s needs - have adequate and timely rest and sleep, exercise regularly, follow a good diet, drink plenty of water and practice meditation daily.

Maintain a healthy BMI. Adopt a healthy diet - high in vegetables (esp green leafy ones) & fruits and low in carbs, sweets, salts and fats. Eat more proteins & whole grains (atta) and reduce refined carbohydrates (maida). Include some nuts and seeds in your diet. Ensure you eat foods rich in vitamins and minerals - citrus fruits (orange, lemon, and sweet-lime), yoghurt/curd, turmeric, green vegetables, beetroot and pomegranate, sesame seeds, flax seeds, nuts, raisins and dates. Avoid full-fat milk and full-fat dairy products to the extent possible. Minimize processed, deep-fried and junk food. Drink at least 8 to 10 glasses of water per day. Remember you can eat what you like but moderation/balance is the key.

Exercise regularly, at least 45 mins of mild exercise every day and preferably 150



minutes of

cardiovascular exercise per week. Create daily routines with adequate (7-9 hours) of sleep at

appropriate hours. Try to follow the sun, rise early and do not sleep too late. Avoid screen time before

sleeping and try to keep a min 3-hour gap between your dinner-time and sleep-time.

Take care of your mental health at home and the workplace. Be open to talking, about any issue you may have, to your close family members and friends. Practice deep breathing exercises and guided or self-meditation daily. Schedule a few minutes of daily fun time for your hobbies - listening to music, singing, gardening, going for nature walks or playing with pets and spend some happy time with your family & friends.

Increase your exposure to the sun- take walks or perform your daily aerobic exercises outdoors in the mornings. Increase consumption of milk and dairy products but make sure it is not full fat. Vitamin D supplements, with or without calcium are also safe to take after consultation with a physician.

Limit the number of your sexual partners. Always practise safe sex - use condoms.

You have the risk of having / developing thyroid, please take Smaarogya's screening tests for thyroid immediately to ascertain if any further actions need to be taken. Thereafter, if normal, repeat the test every year.

Get your thyroid test done every year.

You need to understand the risks associated with obesity and devise a plan to manage your weight without taking undue risks. Please note that aggressive and uni-dimensional diets have side effects, be aware of them before taking them up.

You seem to have / are likely to have metabolic syndrome (multiple lifestyle diseases).

Take your health very seriously, consult a doctor and follow the advice religiously.



Always get unexplained bleeding/excessive bleeding from small wounds or during periods examined by a doctor.

Educate yourself and your family about the signs of breast cancer and learn to detect them - the best way is to perform a self-breast examination every month, just after your periods. You should get your breast checked by a physician every year. If you are taking or have been advised to take oral contraceptive pills or hormone replacement therapy, discuss the risks vs benefits of the same with your doctor.

Certain families have a gene mutation which increases the risk of getting breast cancer. Please take Smaarogya's screening test to evaluate if you should get tested for BRCA gene mutation.
